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Introduction

Our Towards 2040 Community Strategic Plan identifies the main aspirations and priorities for the future of the Dubbo region through to 2040. The plan is grouped into four guiding strategic pillars that encompass the values expressed by the community and informs Dubbo Regional Council in its decision-making. The strategic objectives and principal activities provide a framework for action to be taken by Dubbo Regional Council and other levels of government and our communities.

The Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework provides the guidelines for the implementation of our Towards 2040 Community Strategic Plan and includes other key documents such as the Delivery Program and Operational Plan and this Resourcing Strategy.

This suite of documents provides a holistic approach to planning for the future. It ensures our community can see tangible results in the short term and the outcomes of our contribution in the long term.

Our Resourcing Strategy

To support the community's objectives expressed in the 2040 Community Strategic Plan, a long-term resourcing strategy is required as part of the Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework. This resourcing strategy should be read in conjunction with the annual operational plan.

The operational plan and related resourcing strategies serves to inform and test the goals and objectives in the strategic plan and how Council's required actions might be achieved while maintaining the long-term sustainability of the organisation.

Figure 1 illustrates the Integrated Planning and Reporting framework suite of documents and how they are interrelated.

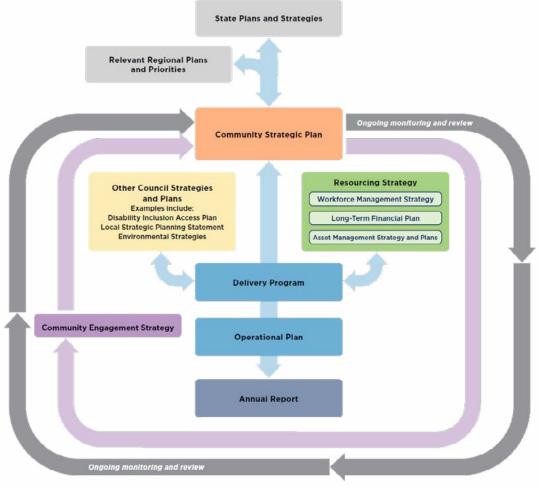


Figure 1

How the Document Relates

The suite of integrated planning documents represents the Dubbo Regional Council response to the statutory framework for planning and reporting. The Towards 2040 Community Strategic Plan for the Dubbo region is the highest-level plan that will prepare and addresses four key questions for the community.

Where are we now?
Where do we want to be in ten years' time?
How will we get there?
How will we know when we have arrived?

Our 2040 Community Strategic Plan was developed in consultation with the communities we serve. It identifies the communities' main priorities and guides all our other strategies and plans into the future.

We update this plan every four years, in line with government requirements, and to adapt to changing circumstances and community aspirations. The 2025-2029 Delivery Program sets out the strategies from our Towards 2040 Community Strategic Plan that will be the priorities for the Council term. The delivery program structure reflects the community strategic plan priorities and acts as the link between the long-term community strategic plan and the annual operational plan. Our operational plan is an annual plan and guides Council's priorities for the next 12 months. It sets out the specific projects, programs, and activities to be delivered in the year ahead and is aligned with our delivery program. It also includes the revenue policy for rates and annual charges, fees and charges, and other relevant budgetary information.









Introduction

In line with the NSW Local Government Integrated Planning and Review Framework, Dubbo Regional Council's Workforce Management Strategy serves as a roadmap to attract, develop, and retain a qualified and engaged workforce. This ensures the council can effectively deliver on its Community Strategic Plan and Delivery Program, ultimately providing efficient and effective services to the community.

The 2040 Community Strategic Plan (CSP) identifies the aspirations and priorities for the community, and the expectations they have for the future. However, these aspirations can only be achieved if sufficient and sustainable resources are available. This Long Term Financial Plan expresses, in financial terms, how Council's finances will operate over the next 10 years and how Council will fund activities over the short, medium and long term to meet the objectives of the CSP. It aims to provide a sound basis for strategic decision making to ensure Council achieves financial sustainability.

This Plan aims to:

- provide sound forecasts of Council's financial performance and position for a range of planning scenarios that respond to the aspirations of the community
- achieve and maintain a sound and stable financial position over the long term
- achieve a balanced budget over the long term
- address how Council will survive future financial pressures

- identify strategies that support the sustainable provision of services identified by the community, and whether Council can afford what the community requests
- ensure Council can meet its financial obligations as and when they are due
- provide a clear and transparent picture of Council's long term financial situation

The modelling that occurs as part of this Plan will help Council identify potential financial issues at an early stage and gauge their long term effect. The Plan will be updated annually as part of the development of the Operational Plan to reflect the changes in economic assumptions, better information and revised forecasts. It will also be reviewed in detail as part of the four yearly review of the Community Strategic Plan and Delivery Program



Financial Sustainability

Financial sustainability is broadly defined as the ability to provide acceptable, affordable and ongoing services to the community in a manner that ensures equitable treatment for the current and future generations of ratepayers.

Financial sustainability is a key challenge facing Council due to several factors including increased demand for services beyond those traditionally provided (particularly in the area of community services), cost shifting from other levels of government, ageing infrastructure, constraints on increasing revenue and risk of reliance on external funding sources. To respond effectively to these challenges, Council will take a holistic approach to maximise integration between strategic planning and the creation of community expectations that are deliverable.

Council modelled different scenarios as part of the sensitivity analysis, including conservative, planned and optimistic, that assumed both revenue and expenditure were reduced, maintained and above-average. This Plan is based on the planned model.



Our Financial Strategies

The following strategies will help ensure Council is financially sustainable over the short, medium and long term, and help support the achievement of the strategic targets in the CSP:

Objective	What will we do?	Why?
Achieve operating surpluses	ldentify budget expenditure reductions	Each Division will review its current and anticipated expenditure to identify possible opportunities for improvement without significant reduction in service levels.
Continuous improvement of Council's financial position	Undertake productivity improvements and initiatives	Council is committed to continuous improvement that will contribute toward addressing the funding gap.
Maintain a positive unrestricted cash and investment balance	Review utilisation of internally restricted assets	At the end of the 2025/206 financial year, Council estimates a total of \$81 million will be held as general fund internally restricted assets. These restricted assets are set aside for specific purposes such as future capital replacement programs, future asset maintenance, property development requirements and Council business operations. Other restrictions are used to cover fluctuations in expenditure. Council has a greater degree of confidence in the amount of and timing of forecasts for major expenditure, which has provided an opportunity to review the level of restricted assets set aside for these purposes.
Maintain and/or improve service levels	Asset Rationalisation Program	Council will continue to review its property holdings to identify underutilised assets or assets that were not contributing to the achievement of strategic goals. Divesting of these assets will provide an opportunity to redirect funds to facilities requiring additional funding. A number of properties that met the above criteria were identified, and an Asset Rationalisation Program was developed.
	Provide a robust Infrastructure Contributions System	Developer Contributions are an important source of funding for new infrastructure required to meet the increased demand generated by population growth. Council will continue to review its Infrastructure Contributions System to recognise this growth.

Objective	What will we do?	Why?
Increase funding for asset maintenance and renewal	Asset Management Enhancement Program	Asset enhancement initiatives will to be undertaken to refine cost estimates to bring assets to an appropriate condition, and clearly define service levels for all assets.
		This will ensure more accurate forecasts are available for long term financial planning.
	Loan funding	The financial strategies developed to deliver financial sustainability include the utilisation of a number of funding sources to fund new capital works. The funding sources include a combination of rates revenue, restricted assets, grants, developer contributions, other contributions and proceeds from any asset rationalisation program.
		In addition to the above sources of funds, the use of loan funds could be used to fund infrastructure assets where it can be justified that the loans can be serviced over the period of the loan and that Council's targeted maximum debt service ratio is not exceeded.
		The use of loans spreads the financing cost of an asset over a long period of time and provides an alternative to a larger increase in rates in the short and medium term. This may help meet the demand for additional facilities and other required capital works.
		The use of loans enables the cost of assets to be shared between current and future users, and therefore supports inter-generational equity.
	Government grants	Council will actively pursue grants that may be available for both operating and capital purposes. This Plan does not include expenditure that may be grant-funded, unless the grant has already been formally approved. Additional items will be included as and when grants are sourced
	Internally Restricted Asset requirements	Given the nature and diversity of the activities undertaken by Council, Council will set aside internally restricted assets to cover fluctuations in certain expenditure items and provide for contingencies. The financial strategy developed includes the setting aside of restricted assets for employee leave entitlements, property development, plant replacement, future asset maintenance and improvement to facilities and business operations.
Maintain a fair and equitable rating structure	Rates and annual charges	Revenue from rates and annual charges are a major component of Council's total revenue. Total Ordinary (General) Rates are proposed to increase in accordance with the rate pegging limit determined by the Minister for Local Government.
	Rates – Special Variation	An increase in rates via a special variation to general income could be a key component of any financial strategy to deliver financial sustainability in the long term

Financial Modelling Assumptions

Long term financial plans are inherently uncertain and based on a wide range of assumptions. Some of these assumptions have a relatively limited impact if they are wrong, but others can have a major impact on future financial plans. By assessing risks associated with assumptions made within this Plan, sensitivity scenarios can be considered.

The following planning assumptions have been used as a basis to forecast Council's long term financial position over the short, medium and long term:

Property/Economic Growth

Property growth impacts Council's financial performance by increasing rate revenue as a result of the increased number of rateable assessments. However, this increase is generally not in direct proportion to the increase in the number of rateable properties.

Inflation/Consumer Price Index (CPI)

Changes in inflation will impact both revenue and expenditure

Forecast CPI is used as the inflator for the following items in Council's financial modelling:

- All revenue (excluding rates revenue)
- Operating expenditures excluding salary and employment overheads.

Where an expenditure item is identified as increasing by more than the CPI, these additional increases have been factored into expenditure projections.

Productivity Improvements and Initiatives

Council is committed to a process of continuous improvement and organisational development that will address any funding gap created by a growth in population. While a number of initiatives have been identified for either implementation or investigation in the short term, it is more difficult to identify specific initiatives in the medium to long term given that many of those initiatives will be made possible by new processes and technologies which are yet to be developed.

Major Projects and Capital Expenditure

Capital expenditure and asset lifecycle modelling is a key output of Council's asset management planning. The capital expenditure program totals \$280M over the next four years. This covers new infrastructure, currently scheduled renewal works and additional renewal works required to maintain Council's infrastructure assets in a satisfactory condition.

The CSP identified that the community expects infrastructure to be maintained in a satisfactory condition. The 10 year projections are based on maintaining current facilities and infrastructure, with the majority of new projects relating to Grant Fund Projects.

The capital expenditure program for the next four years is included in the Operational Plan Capital Works Program.



Rate Peg Increases in Rates

Council's capacity to generate rate income and increase Council's capacity to generate rate income and increase the overall annual rate revenue is controlled through rate pegging set by the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal (IPART). The rate peg announced by IPART for 2025/2026 is 4.2%. Estimates for future rating revenue has been set at 2.5%.

Ordinary Rates

The rating structure is reviewed annually to ensure an equitable distribution among ratepayers. It is of note that any change to the structure does not equate to additional income to Council but a redistribution of the rating liability of the different property types.

Domestic Waste Management Charge

The Local Government Act 1993 requires the Domestic Waste Management Charges to reflect the reasonable cost of providing the service. The Domestic Waste Strategy is supported by a 10 year financial strategy which determines the annual charge. The forecast increase in the charges has been set in accordance with the Strategy.

Drainage Service Charge

Council levies a drainage service charge that will fund stormwater improvements and the management of urban stormwater. This charge is subject to rate pegging and as a result, Council has no scope to increase the charge in line with inflation or any other cost increase.

Water Charges

Water charges enable Council to operate and maintain the water supply service. Charges are set to meet the Best Practice Pricing guidelines, and consist of two components:

- a fixed annual access charge based on meter size
- a consumption charge based on actual water consumed.

Modelling has focused on consumption and future capital requirements to determine increases to be applied to future charges.

Sewer and Trade Waste Charges

Sewer charges enable Council to operate and maintain a sewerage service. An annual charge is levied for residential properties, and quarterly charges are levied on non-residential properties and based on a discharge factor. Trade waste charges are applied in accordance with the Liquid Trade Waste Regulation and fees in accordance with Council's Trade Waste Policy.

User Charges and Fees

Council reviews the basis for its user charges and fees each year, and it is assumed the pricing forecasts will increase at least in line with inflation.

The two categories of fees are:

- Regulatory Council has no discretion to determine the amount of a fee for service as the amount is fixed by regulation or by another authority
- Discretionary Council has the capacity to determine the amount of a fee for service.

New user charge and fee opportunities have been identified and will be included in the Operational Plan.



Grants and Contributions

It is unlikely that there will be any increase in grants or provision of new grants for current services. Grants, other than the Financial Assistance Grants, are tied to particular purposes and projects, and any reduction or discontinuance of grants will be offset by a corresponding reduction in expenditure. Developer Contribution Plans and Planning Agreements aim to generate contributions that will support the provision of new community infrastructure at current standards.

Employee Costs

Salary and wage increases are based on the Local Government (State) Award increase plus an allowance for skill step progressions. An amount of 4% has been allocated for 2025/2026 and for each subsequent year of the Plan. Employee costs consist of salaries and wages, employee leave entitlements, Council's contribution to superannuation schemes, workers' compensation insurance, fringe benefits tax and employee training costs. The base year employee costs are calculated based on actual rates of pay.

The projections include employee on-costs for each employee as well as an allowance for known overtime. Forecast employee costs have been adjusted to reflect any identified changes in staff numbers, as well as growth in staff numbers required to satisfy increased service levels. Council sets aside a restricted asset to enable any spikes in employee leave entitlements, particularly resulting from the retirement or resignation of long term employees, to be funded.

Interest

Forecast returns on Council's investment portfolio are based on budgeted funds available for investment, current investment rates and the impact on rates of the situation in international markets, in accordance with Council's Investment Strategy. A conservative approach has been taken to investment returns in the Plan.

Borrowing Costs

In the financial modelling scenarios detailed below, the strategy to address identified funding gaps includes the raising of loans to fund, or part-fund, some of the capital projects included in the capital expenditure program. It has been assumed that future loans will be for a 20 year term and interest rates will be fixed.

Materials, Contracts and Other Operating Costs

Expenditure on materials, contracts and other operating costs has been generally based on CPI. The exceptions to this are expenditures that are either:

- not recurrent every year;
- have been identified as increasing by an amount different to CPI; or
- area result of increased services or service levels.



TABLE OF ASSUMPTIONS

	2025/2026	2026/2027	2027/2028	2028/2029	Years 5 - 10
Consumer Price Index	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Rate pegging limited	4.20%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Stormwater management charge	4.20%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Domestic waste charge revenue	4.20%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Water user fees and charges	4.20%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Sewer services user fees and annual charges	4.20%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
User fees and charges revenue	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Interest revenue	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Other revenues	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Operating grants and contributions	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Capital grants and contributions	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Employee costs	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%
Borrowing costs	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Material and contracts	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Depreciation	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Other expenses	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%



Risks to Our Financial Position

Council has implemented a comprehensive Enterprise Risk Management program that assesses all areas of Council's operations under risk considerations. The greatest risks associated with financial modelling is that income is overstated and/or expenditure is understated, which can result in there being insufficient capacity for Council to carry out the activities identified in the Delivery Program and Operational Plan.

The following risks may impact Council's long term financial position over the short, medium and long term:

Rate Pegging

Changes in rate pegging will impact revenue forecasts. Rate pegging is controlled the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal (IPART), and any fluctuation in rate pegging will have the opposite effect on the expected expenditure forecast.

Changes in Economic Conditions and Investment Markets

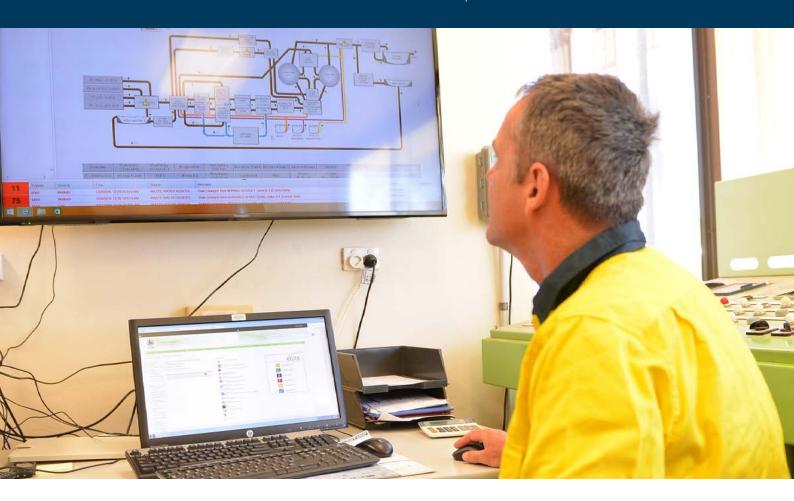
Changes in inflation will impact both revenue and expenditure.

Cost Shifting

Cost shifting describes the situation where the responsibility for, or the cost of, providing a certain service, concession, facility or regulatory function is shifted from a higher level of government to Council without the provision of corresponding funding or an ability to raise revenue to adequately fund the shifted responsibility. Cost shifting to local government from both federal and state governments is an issue of significant concern to NSW councils.

Contributions to the NSW Fire Brigade, Bushfire Council, lack of adequate funding for public libraries, the cost of regulation of companion animals and administration of environmental regulations are some examples of cost shifting that impacts Council's financial performance and places additional pressure on its financial sustainability.

Should Federal and State Governments continue to transfer responsibility and associated costs for service provision to Council, this will have a negative impact on Council's current financial position.



Grant Funding

Increases in capital grant funding over forecasts reduces Council's ability to deliver on planned Council-funded capital works but can also accelerate planned projects.

Changes in Employee Costs and Liability Conditions

Forecast employee costs have been adjusted to reflect any identified changes in staff numbers, as well as growth in staff numbers required to satisfy increased service levels. Council sets aside a restricted asset to enable any spikes in employee leave entitlements, particularly resulting from the retirement or resignation of long term employees, to be funded.

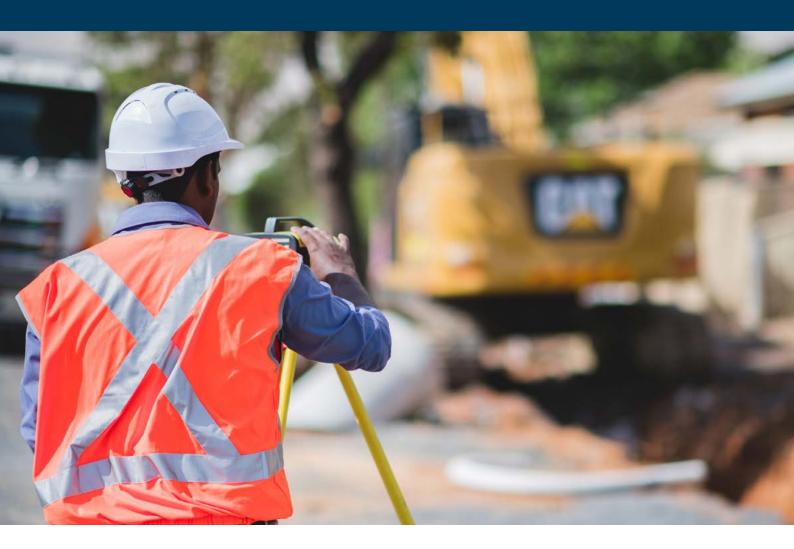
Changes in Future Community Service and Infrastructure Demands

Assumptions have been made on the current CSP and Asset Management Strategy. With future community engagement, this may alter current services levels and require adjustments to future funding requirements.

Conditions of Infrastructure Assets and Ageing

The identified shortfall in infrastructure renewal expenditure and a substantial backlog in infrastructure spending is a major issue facing Council. This is primarily due to limited funding opportunities available in addition to diverse and increasing demands on Council resources.

The development of asset management plans has confirmed that Council's infrastructure continues to deteriorate and that current levels of maintenance and renewal fall short of that required to maintain some assets in a satisfactory condition. This infrastructure challenge places further pressure on Council's ability to remain financially sustainable in the long term.



Finance Performance Measures and Scenarios

The Integrated Planning and Reporting Guidelines require this Plan to incorporate financial modelling for scenarios. This Plan brings the budget, resourcing and asset management components together to inform the community of the financial implications of the activities and the level of service outlined in the CSP.

Council modelled different scenarios as part of the sensitivity analysis, including conservative, planned and optimistic, that assumed both revenue and expenditure were reduced, maintained and above-average. This Plan is based on the planned model.

The planned scenario is based on ordinary rates increasing by the forecast rate peg limit each year. Future modelling will require the formulation of strategies to investigate a combination of loan borrowings, increased revenues, reduced expenditure and efficiency measures to meet identified future infrastructure backlog projects.

The 2025/2026 budget is based on current revenue and expenditure patterns to enable the community expectations, as determined in the CSP, to be undertaken.



Finance Performance Measures and Scenarios

	TARGET
Operating Performance Ratio Council's ability to contain operating expenditure within operating revenue.	>0.00%
Own-Source Operating Revenue The degree of reliance on external funding sources such as operating grants and contributions and its ability to generate own-source revenue.	>60%
Unrestricted Current Ratio The purpose of the Unrestricted Current Ratio is to assess the adequacy of working capital and its ability to satisfy financial obligations in the short term for the unrestricted activities of Council.	>1.5
Debt Service Ratio The debt service ratio is a measure of the degree to which revenues are committed to servicing debt. The purpose of the ratio is to assess the impact of loan principal and interest repayments on the discretionary revenue of Council.	>2.00
Rates, Annual Charges, Interest and Extra Charges Outstanding Percentage The rates and annual charges outstanding percentage is a measure of the impact of uncollected rates and annual charges on liquidity and the adequacy of recovery efforts.	<10.00%
Building and Infrastructure Renewals Ratio Used to assess whether Council is renewing or replacing its infrastructure assets at the same rate that it is consuming those assets.	>100%
Infrastructure Backlog Ratio The proportion of backlog is against the total value of Council's infrastructure.	<2.00%
Asset Maintenance Ratio Compares actual to required annual asset maintenance and ability to maintain increases in infrastructure backlog.	>100%
Cash Expense Ratio Indicates the number of months Council can continue to pay expenses without additional cash inflow.	>3 months

Monitoring and Review

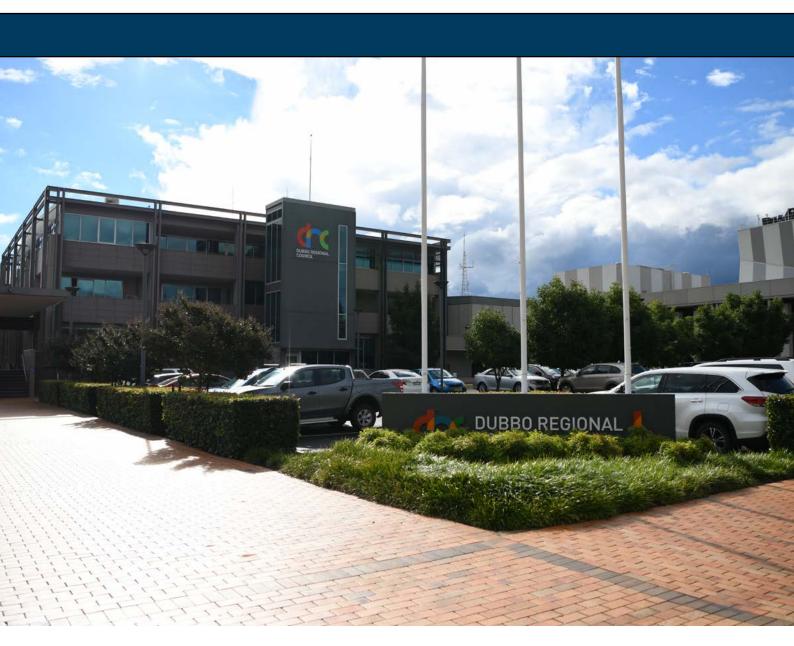
This Plan will be updated annually as part of the development of the Operational Plan to reflect the changes in economic assumptions, more accurate information and revised forecasts. Each year, Council undertakes an extensive, detailed and complete budget process to identify emerging projects and proposes them for consideration in the forecast budgets.

This Plan will also be reviewed in detail as part of the four yearly review of CSP and Delivery Program.

Quarterly reporting

Each quarter, Council's responsible accounting officer is required to prepare and submit a quarterly budget review statement to the governing body of council.

The statement must show, with reference to the budget that was approved by Council, the actual and forecast performance for the relevant financial year and report reasons for variations. It must also show a revised estimate of income and expenditure for that year.



INCOME STATEMENT - CONSOLIDATED	Projected Years									
	2025/2026	2026/2027	2027/2028	2028/2029	2029/2030	2030/2031	2031/2032	2032/2033	2033/2034	2034/2035
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Income from Continuing Operations										
Revenue:										
Rates & Annual Charges	83,038,764	85,622,513	88,290,779	91,046,516	93,322,679	95,655,746	98,047,140	100,498,318	103,010,776	105,586,045
User Charges & Fees	55,181,455	55,482,081	57,180,654	60,916,484	62,439,396	64,000,381	65,600,391	67,240,400	68,921,410	70,644,446
Interest & Investment Revenue	9,367,444	8,793,833	8,756,614	8,794,132	8,838,103	8,882,293	8,926,705	8,971,338	9,016,195	9,061,276
Other Revenues	3,817,086	4,048,240	4,143,680	4,001,412	4,101,447	4,203,983	4,309,083	4,416,810	4,527,230	4,640,411
Grants & Contributions provided for Operating Purposes	22,329,675	23,350,633	23,927,209	24,803,459	25,175,511	25,553,144	25,936,441	26,325,487	26,720,370	27,121,175
Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes	20,437,140	28,438,866	10,457,180	10,400,898	10,556,911	10,715,265	10,875,994	11,039,134	11,204,721	11,372,792
Other Income:										
Net gains/(loss) from the disposal of assets	(1,764,930)	362,673	1,899,234	(134,438)	350,000	353,500	357,035	360,605	364,211	367,854
Total Income from Continuing Operations	192,406,634	206,098,839	194,655,350	199,828,463	204,784,047	209,364,312	214,052,788	218,852,093	223,764,914	228,793,998
Expenses from Continuing Operations										
Employee Benefits & On-Costs	53,058,918	55,435,367	57,486,318	59,129,677	60,903,567	62,730,674	64,612,595	66,550,972	68,547,502	70,603,927
Borrowing Costs	1,917,982	1,774,768	1,629,119	1,490,015	1,359,682	1,156,394	1,006,587	859,843	726,839	587,006
Materials & Contracts	42,149,554	42,673,615	43,714,511	44,257,854	45,585,590	46,953,157	48,361,752	49,812,605	51,306,983	52,846,192
Depreciation & Amortisation	59,870,841	59,870,841	59,870,841	59,870,841	59,870,841	59,870,841	59,870,841	59,870,841	59,870,841	59,870,841
Other Expenses	20,019,559	20,524,214	21,117,761	22,497,490	23,059,927	23,636,425	24,227,336	24,833,019	25,453,845	26,090,191
Total Expenses from Continuing Operations	177,016,854	180,278,805	183,818,550	187,245,877	190,779,608	194,347,492	198,079,111	201,927,280	205,906,010	209,998,156
Operating Result from Continuing Operations	15,389,780	25,820,034	10,836,800	12,582,586	14,004,440	15,016,820	15,973,677	16,924,813	17,858,904	18,795,842
Net Operating Result for the Year attributable to Council	15,389,780	25,820,034	10,836,800	12,582,586	14,004,440	15,016,820	15,973,677	16,924,813	17,858,904	18,795,842
Net Operating Result before Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes	(5,047,360)	(2,618,832)	379,620	2,181,688	3,447,528	4,301,555	5,097,683	5,885,679	6,654,183	7,423,050

10 Year Financial Plan for the Years ending 30 June 2035

BALANCE SHEET - CONSOLIDATED	Projected Years									
	2025/2026	2026/2027	2027/2028	2028/2029	2029/2030	2030/2031	2031/2032	2032/2033	2033/2034	2034/2035
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
ASSETS										
Current Assets										
Cash & Cash Equivalents	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Investments	130,541,829	121,866,877	132,480,771	139,324,668	146,927,117	154,351,782	161,730,066	168,840,576	175,736,395	182,343,990
Receivables	30,616,940	31,693,185	30,372,343	31,857,843	32,879,909	33,857,354	34,844,632	35,829,414	36,815,017	37,797,549
Inventories	6,397,569	6,460,629	6,585,880	6,651,261	6,811,027	6,975,587	7,145,083	7,319,664	7,499,482	7,684,695
Other	621,691	631,978	648,323	667,553	686,455	705,896	725,891	746,456	767,608	789,364
Total Current Assets	171,178,029	163,652,669	173,087,317	181,501,325	190,304,509	198,890,618	207,445,672	215,736,111	223,818,503	231,615,598
Non-Current Assets										
Investments	159,551,124	148,948,405	161,920,942	170,285,705	179,577,588	188,652,178	197,670,081	206,360,704	214,788,927	222,864,876
Receivables	292,418	294,676	303,641	322,290	330,347	338,606	347,071	355,748	364,642	373,758
Inventories	3,093,331	3,093,331	3,093,331	3,093,331	3,093,331	3,093,331	3,093,331	3,093,331	3,093,331	3,093,331
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	2,755,561,677	2,802,048,784	2,793,034,780	2,791,391,330	2,791,117,465	2,792,246,562	2,794,812,826	2,798,851,309	2,804,397,928	2,811,489,491
Investments Accounted for using the equity method	2,109,112	2,109,112	2,109,112	2,109,112	2,109,112	2,109,112	2,109,112	2,109,112	2,109,112	2,109,112
Other	495,071	495,071	495,071	495,071	495,071	495,071	495,071	495,071	495,071	495,071
Total Non-Current Assets	2,921,102,733	2,956,989,379	2,960,956,876	2,967,696,839	2,976,722,913	2,986,934,860	2,998,527,492	3,011,265,275	3,025,249,010	3,040,425,638
TOTAL ASSETS	3,092,280,762	3,120,642,048	3,134,044,194	3,149,198,164	3,167,027,423	3,185,825,478	3,205,973,163	3,227,001,385	3,249,067,513	3,272,041,236
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities										
Payables	12,381,687	12,534,676	12,766,736	13,031,005	13,321,352	13,617,472	13,932,190	14,253,829	14,586,234	14,925,824
Income received in advance	1,297,968	1,309,667	1,349,135	1,428,194	1,463,899	1,500,496	1,538,008	1,576,459	1,615,870	1,656,267
Borrowings	3,064,886	3,184,108							,	
			3,384,730	2,211,991	2,361,798	2,089,712	2,221,000	2,233,423	2,377,164	2,529,816
Provisions	10,609,885									
Provisions Total Current Liabilities	10,609,885 27,354,426	10,433,665 27,462,117	10,238,643 27,739,245	10,117,749 26,788,939	2,361,798 10,035,396 27,182,445	2,089,712 9,992,547 27,200,227	2,221,000 9,990,189 27,681,387	2,233,423 9,981,834 28,045,545	2,377,164 10,016,021 28,595,289	2,529,816 10,093,812 29,205,719
Total Current Liabilities		10,433,665	10,238,643	10,117,749	10,035,396	9,992,547	9,990,189	9,981,834	10,016,021	10,093,812
Total Current Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities		10,433,665	10,238,643	10,117,749	10,035,396	9,992,547	9,990,189	9,981,834	10,016,021	10,093,812
Total Current Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities Payables	27,354,426	10,433,665 27,462,117	10,238,643 27,739,245	10,117,749 26,788,939	10,035,396 27,182,445	9,992,547 27,200,227	9,990,189 27,681,387	9,981,834 28,045,545	10,016,021 28,595,289	10,093,812 29,205,719
Non-Current Liabilities Payables Borrowings		10,433,665 27,462,117 - 21,924,056	10,238,643 27,739,245 - 18,539,326	10,117,749 26,788,939 - 16,327,335	10,035,396	9,992,547	9,990,189 27,681,387 - 9,654,825	9,981,834 28,045,545 - 7,421,402	10,016,021 28,595,289 - 5,044,238	10,093,812
Non-Current Liabilities Payables Borrowings Provisions	27,354,426 - 25,108,164	10,433,665 27,462,117	10,238,643 27,739,245	10,117,749 26,788,939	10,035,396 27,182,445 - 13,965,537	9,992,547 27,200,227 - 11,875,825	9,990,189 27,681,387	9,981,834 28,045,545	10,016,021 28,595,289	10,093,812 29,205,719 - 2,514,422
Non-Current Liabilities Payables Borrowings Provisions Total Non-Current Liabilities	27,354,426 - 25,108,164 12,296,681	10,433,665 27,462,117 - 21,924,056 12,287,406	10,238,643 27,739,245 - 18,539,326 12,277,142	10,117,749 26,788,939 - 16,327,335 12,270,779	10,035,396 27,182,445 - 13,965,537 12,266,445	9,992,547 27,200,227 - 11,875,825 12,264,190	9,990,189 27,681,387 - 9,654,825 12,264,065	9,981,834 28,045,545 - 7,421,402 12,263,626	10,016,021 28,595,289 - 5,044,238 12,265,425	10,093,812 29,205,719 - 2,514,422 12,269,519
Total Current Liabilities	27,354,426 - 25,108,164 12,296,681 37,404,845	10,433,665 27,462,117 - 21,924,056 12,287,406 34,211,463	10,238,643 27,739,245 - 18,539,326 12,277,142 30,816,468	10,117,749 26,788,939 - 16,327,335 12,270,779 28,598,114	10,035,396 27,182,445 13,965,537 12,266,445 26,231,982	9,992,547 27,200,227 11,875,825 12,264,190 24,140,015	9,990,189 27,681,387 - 9,654,825 12,264,065 21,918,890	9,981,834 28,045,545 - 7,421,402 12,263,626 19,685,028	10,016,021 28,595,289 5,044,238 12,265,425 17,309,663	10,093,812 29,205,719 - 2,514,422 12,269,519 14,783,941
Total Current Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities Payables Borrowings Provisions Total Non-Current Liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES Net Assets	27,354,426 - 25,108,164 12,296,681 37,404,845 64,759,271	10,433,665 27,462,117 - 21,924,056 12,287,406 34,211,463 61,673,579	10,238,643 27,739,245 - 18,539,326 12,277,142 30,816,468 58,555,713	10,117,749 26,788,939 - 16,327,335 12,270,779 28,598,114 55,387,053	10,035,396 27,182,445 13,965,537 12,266,445 26,231,982 53,414,427	9,992,547 27,200,227 11,875,825 12,264,190 24,140,015 51,340,241	9,990,189 27,681,387 9,654,825 12,264,065 21,918,890 49,600,278	9,981,834 28,045,545 - 7,421,402 12,263,626 19,685,028 47,730,573	10,016,021 28,595,289 5,044,238 12,265,425 17,309,663 45,904,952	10,093,812 29,205,719 - 2,514,422 12,269,519 14,783,941 43,989,661
Total Current Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities Payables Borrowings Provisions Total Non-Current Liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES Net Assets EQUITY	27,354,426 - 25,108,164 12,296,681 37,404,845 64,759,271 3,027,521,492	10,433,665 27,462,117 - 21,924,056 12,287,406 34,211,463 61,673,579 3,058,968,469	10,238,643 27,739,245 18,539,326 12,277,142 30,816,468 58,555,713 3,075,488,481	10,117,749 26,788,939 16,327,335 12,270,779 28,598,114 55,387,053 3,093,811,110	10,035,396 27,182,445 13,965,537 12,266,445 26,231,982 53,414,427 3,113,612,996	9,992,547 27,200,227 11,875,825 12,264,190 24,140,015 51,340,241 3,134,485,237	9,990,189 27,681,387 9,654,825 12,264,065 21,918,890 49,600,278 3,156,372,886	9,981,834 28,045,545 7,421,402 12,263,626 19,685,028 47,730,573 3,179,270,812	10,016,021 28,595,289 5,044,238 12,265,425 17,309,663 45,904,952 3,203,162,561	10,093,812 29,205,719 2,514,422 12,269,519 14,783,941 43,989,661 3,228,051,576
Total Current Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities Payables Borrowings Provisions Total Non-Current Liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	27,354,426 - 25,108,164 12,296,681 37,404,845 64,759,271	10,433,665 27,462,117 - 21,924,056 12,287,406 34,211,463 61,673,579	10,238,643 27,739,245 - 18,539,326 12,277,142 30,816,468 58,555,713	10,117,749 26,788,939 - 16,327,335 12,270,779 28,598,114 55,387,053	10,035,396 27,182,445 13,965,537 12,266,445 26,231,982 53,414,427	9,992,547 27,200,227 11,875,825 12,264,190 24,140,015 51,340,241	9,990,189 27,681,387 9,654,825 12,264,065 21,918,890 49,600,278	9,981,834 28,045,545 - 7,421,402 12,263,626 19,685,028 47,730,573	10,016,021 28,595,289 5,044,238 12,265,425 17,309,663 45,904,952	10,093,812 29,205,719 - 2,514,422 12,269,519 14,783,941 43,989,661

CASH FLOW STATEMENT - CONSOLIDATED	Projected Years									
OAGIT LOW OTATETIENT GONGGEDATED	2025/2026	2026/2027	2027/2028	2028/2029	2029/2030	2030/2031	2031/2032	2032/2033	2033/2034	2034/2035
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	•	<u> </u>	•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Receipts:										
Rates & Annual Charges	82,872,080	85,471,920	88,134,626	90,907,351	93,184,402	95,561,257	97,950,886	100,400,271	102,910,906	105,484,322
User Charges & Fees	53,210,744	55,421,956	56,840,939	60,169,318	62,134,814	63,688,184	65,280,389	66,912,398	68,585,208	70,299,839
Interest & Investment Revenue Received	13,131,382	9,222,975	8,173,067	8,348,754	8,367,230	8,421,839	8,467,992	8,526,962	8,583,107	8,643,643
Grants & Contributions	36,082,981	50,473,752	33,939,021	35,012,504	41,006,958	41,675,440	42,355,286	43,046,697	43,749,880	44,465,049
Other	5,275,718	3,845,734	4,485,826	4,006,427	4,084,128	4,186,337	4,291,103	4,398,489	4,508,562	4,621,388
Payments:										
Employee Benefits & On-Costs	(52,710,202)	(55,168,598)	(57,210,888)	(58,946,218)	(60,756,213)	(62,623,083)	(64,545,751)	(66,475,886)	(68,515,206)	(70,615,482)
Materials & Contracts	(41,998,578)	(42,584,220)	(43,599,621)	(44,033,873)	(45,468,882)	(46,833,379)	(48,238,823)	(49,686,440)	(51,177,498)	(52,713,298)
Borrowing Costs	(2,080,226)	(1,865,795)	(1,723,687)	(1,590,541)	(1,425,379)	(1,226,539)	(1,068,652)	(925,806)	(793,172)	(657,607)
Other	(20,019,559)	(20,524,214)	(21,117,761)	(22,497,490)	(23,059,927)	(23,636,425)	(24,227,336)	(24,833,019)	(25,453,845)	(26,090,191)
Net Cash provided (or used in) Operating Activities	73,764,341	84,293,509	67,921,523	71,376,232	78,067,131	79,213,630	80,265,095	81,363,665	82,397,942	83,437,662
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Receipts:										
Sale of Investment Securities	5,286,266	15,161,765								
Sale of Real Estate Assets	5,885,020	4,822,512	6,042,432	2,728,570	525,000	530,250	535,553	540,908	546,317	551,780
Payments:	0,000,020	1,022,012	0,0 .2, .02	2,720,070	020,000	555,255	555,555	0.10,000	0.10/0.17	00.,700
Purchase of Investment Securities			(23,506,366)	(19,405,464)	(22,080,802)	(22,156,149)	(21,699,480)	(21,374,335)	(20,818,268)	(20,222,542)
Purchase of Real Estate Assets		(362,673)	(1,899,234)		(350,000)	(353,500)	(357,035)	(360,605)	(364,211)	(367,854)
Purchase of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	(81,870,741)	(100,731,005)	(45,173,624)	(52,487,347)	(53,799,531)	(55,144,519)	(56,523,132)	(57,936,210)	(59,384,615)	(60,869,231)
Net Cash provided (or used in) Investing Activities	(70,699,455)	(81,109,401)	(64,536,792)	(69,164,241)	(75,705,333)	(77,123,918)	(78,044,094)	(79,130,243)	(80,020,778)	(80,907,846)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities										
Payments:										
Repayment of Borrowings & Advances	(3,064,886)	(3,184,108)	(3,384,730)	(2,211,991)	(2,361,798)	(2,089,712)	(2,221,000)	(2,233,423)	(2,377,164)	(2,529,816)
Net Cash Flow provided (used in) Financing Activities	(3,064,886)	(3,184,108)	(3,384,730)	(2,211,991)	(2,361,798)	(2,089,712)	(2,221,000)	(2,233,423)	(2,377,164)	(2,529,816)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
plus: Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments - beginning of year	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Cash & Cash Equivalents - end of the year	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Cash & Cash Equivalents - end of the year	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Investments - end of the year	290,092,953	270,815,281	294,401,713	309,610,373	326,504,705	343,003,960	359,400,147	375,201,281	390,525,322	405,208,866
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments - end of the year	293,092,953	273,815,281	297,401,713	312,610,373	329,504,705	346,003,960	362,400,147	378,201,281	393,525,322	408,208,866

Dubbo Regional Council

10 Year Financial Plan for the Years ending 30 June 2035

EQUITY STATEMENT - CONSOLIDATED	Projected Years 2025/2026 \$	2026/2027 \$	2027/2028 \$	2028/2029 \$	2029/2030 \$	2030/2031 \$	2031/2032 \$	2032/2033 \$	2033/2034 \$	2034/2035 \$
Opening Balance	3,006,560,481	3,027,521,492	3,058,968,469	3,075,488,481	3,093,811,110	3,113,612,996	3,134,485,237	3,156,372,886	3,179,270,812	3,203,162,561
a. Current Year Income & Expenses Recognised direct to Equity										
- Transfers to/(from) Asset Revaluation Reserve	5,571,231	5,626,943	5,683,212	5,740,044	5,797,445	5,855,419	5,913,974	5,973,113	6,032,844	6,093,173
Net Income Recognised Directly in Equity	5,571,231	5,626,943	5,683,212	5,740,044	5,797,445	5,855,419	5,913,974	5,973,113	6,032,844	6,093,173
b. Net Operating Result for the Year	15,389,780	25,820,034	10,836,800	12,582,586	14,004,440	15,016,820	15,973,677	16,924,813	17,858,904	18,795,842
Total Recognised Income & Expenses	20,961,011	31,446,977	16,520,012	18,322,630	19,801,885	20,872,240	21,887,650	22,897,926	23,891,748	24,889,015
Equity - Balance at end of the reporting period	3,027,521,492	3,058,968,469	3,075,488,481	3,093,811,110	3,113,612,996	3,134,485,237	3,156,372,886	3,179,270,812	3,203,162,561	3,228,051,576



2024 - 2028 WORKFORCE MANAGEMENT STRATEGY



Workforce Management Strategy

In line with the NSW local Government Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework, Dubbo Regional Council's Workforce Management Strategy serves as a roadmap to attract, develop, and retain a qualified and engaged workforce. This ensures that Council can effectively deliver on its Community Strategic Plan and Delivery Program, ultimately providing efficient and effective services to the community.

1

Meeting Community Needs

The strategy aligns the workforce with community priorities, ensuring services and actions delivered by the council truly reflect the community's vision.

2

Future-Proofing the Workforce

By anticipating future challenges and skill requirements, the plan invests in developing a workforce equipped to handle them, ensuring long-term sustainability.

3

Engaged and Productive Employees

The strategy fosters a positive and supportive work environment, leading to happier, more productive employees who contribute significantly to the community's wellbeing.

4

Sustainable Service Delivery

An engaged and skilled workforce translates to efficient service delivery, meeting community expectations outlined in the Delivery Program.

The Workforce Management Strategy bridges the gap between the Community Strategic Plan and the Delivery Program through workforce development. It recognises the crucial role of employees in achieving sustainable service delivery. The strategy focuses on building a future-proof workforce equipped with the necessary skills and experience, while fostering an engaging and productive work environment.

In implementing our Workforce Management Strategy, Dubbo Regional Council will ensure its workforce is aligned with the community, leading to efficient service delivery, a thriving community, and a sustainable future for all.

The 2024-2028 Workforce Management Strategy was endorsed by Council on 27 June 2024. (CCL24/150)



Vision Values Purpose



PROGRESSIVE

BE CURIOUS, COURAGEOUS AND COMMITTED

- Challenging the status quo
- Finding better ways
- Seeking change and innovation

OUR VISION

Creating Community for today and tomorrow



Lead, Connect, Deliver

OUR VALUES



SUSTAINABLE

BALANCED APPROACH TO GROWTH AND OPPORTUNITY

- Financially sound
- Social equity
- Conscientious leadership and governance
- Environmentally responsible

ONE TEAM

WORKING TOGETHER

- We take care of each other and ourselves
- Partnering to deliver better outcomes
- Fostering positive experience
- · Investing in people

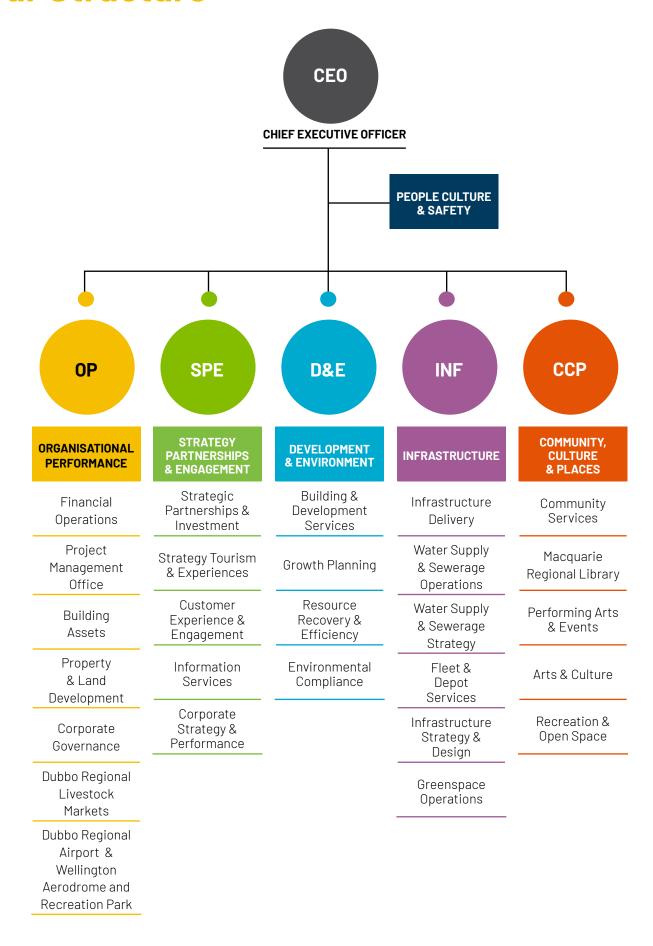


INTEGRITY

ACCOUNTABLE FOR OUR ACTIONS

- Valuing and acknowledging our cultures
- · Leading by example
- Open and ethical practices
- Upholding our commitments

Our Structure



Internal Analysis

Workforce Snapshot

TOTAL WORKFORCE

696

Total Employees

HEADCOUNT

- 487 PERMANENT
- 26 TEMPORARY
- 183 CASUAL

FTE

- 461.37 PERMANENT
- 24.43 TEMPORARY

TURNOVER

- 4.9% TURNOVER
- 7.87% YTD

DIVERSITY



Permanent Employees

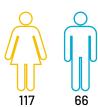
FULL TIME





<u>TEM</u>PORARY





CASUAL



4.9% TURNOVER 7.87% YTD



3.51% ABSENTEEISM 999.70 Days Sick/ Carers Leave taken



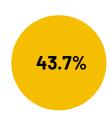
Employees identify as Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander



Employees from a Non-English Speaking Background



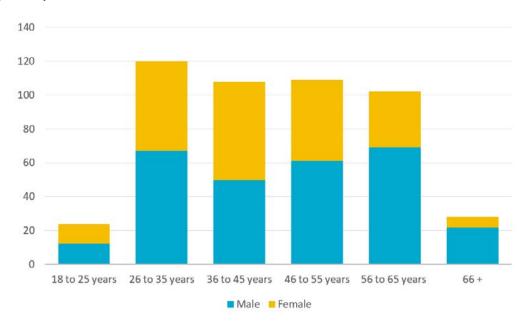
Employees have a Disability



Employees are Female

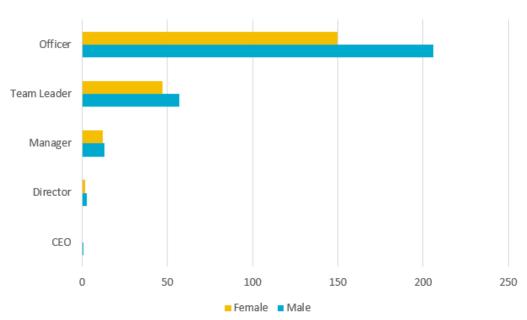
AGE

142 employees over the age of 55 years



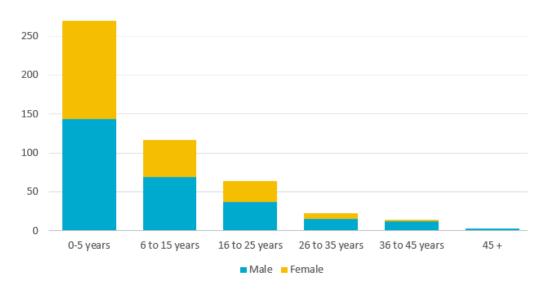
STAFF LEVEL

135 employees in Leadership Positions



COUNCIL SERVICE

17 employees with more than 35 years service

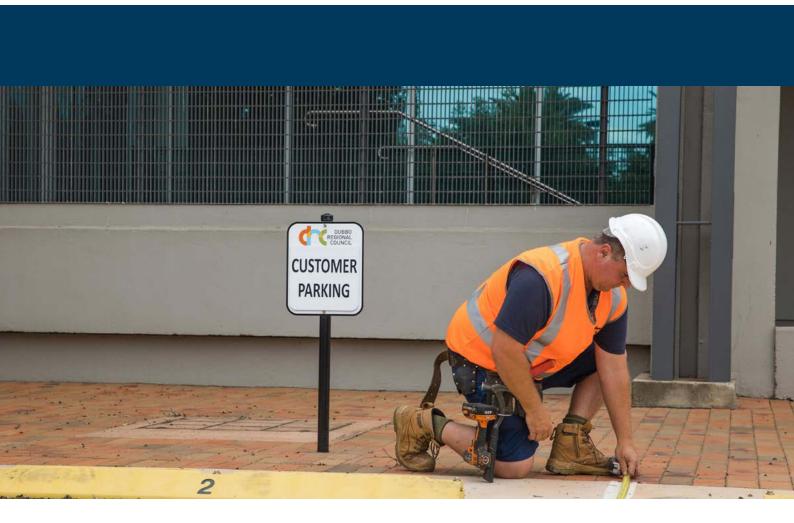


Internal capability survey

The following data was collected from our senior leadership team to understand our overall proficiency, desired proficiency, and the perceived importance of the capabilities. The capabilities are from the Local Government Capability Framework currently implemented.

CAPABILITY	CURRENT PROFICIENCY	DESIRED PROFICIENCY	IMPORTANCE
Personal Attributes			
Manage self	High	High	8
Display Resilience and Adaptability	Medium	Medium	4
Act with Integrity	High	High	1
Demonstrate Accountability	Medium	High	2
Relationships			
Communicate and Engage	Medium	Medium	3
Community and Customer Focus	Medium	High	5
Work Collaboratively	High	Medium	11
Influence and Negotiate	Low	Low	16
Results			
Plan and Prioritise	Medium	High	15
Think and Solve Problems	High	High	9
Create and Innovate	Low	Medium	14

CAPABILITY	CURRENT PROFICIENCY	DESIRED PROFICIENCY	IMPORTANCE
Resources			
Finance	Low	Medium	18
Assets and Tools	Low	Low	19
Technology and Information	Medium	High	6
Procurement and Contracts	Low	Low	20
People Managers			
Manage and Develop People	Low	Medium	12
Inspire Direction and Purpose	Low	Medium	13
Optimise Workforce Contribution	Medium	Medium	17
Lead and Manage Change	Low	High	10



Strategic Context

The strategic context for Dubbo Regional Council is multifaceted and influenced by various factors, including:

Economic:

- Inflation and cost pressures: Rising costs of materials, labour, and energy are putting pressure on Council budgets which are heavily reliant on rate revenues, grants and fees, requiring more efficiency and innovative solutions.
- Shifting demographics: Population growth and changing demographics require Council to adapt services and infrastructure to meet the needs of diverse communities.
- Infrastructure management: Maintaining and upgrading aging infrastructure including roads, water and sewerage systems, community facilities and public spaces is a significant challenge due to the expenses involved.

Social:

- Climate change: as a Local Government we are at the forefront of addressing climate change impacts, such as extreme weather events and rising sea levels. There is a need to develop and implement strategies for adaptation and mitigation.
- Social inclusion and equity: Council must effectively ngage with diverse communities to address social issues and inequalities like housing and health, ensuring access to essential services for all community members and promotion of social cohesion and inclusivity.

Political:

- Relationship with the NSW Government: As a Council we must navigate relationships and coordinate with state and federal governments, as well as other local councils, to secure funding, align policies, address shared challenges and collaborate on regional initiatives.
- Legislative and regulatory requirements: As a Council, our operations, finances, planning and service delivery are governed by the Local Government Act, other state and federal laws, regulations and policies.
- **Community engagement:** Increasing emphasis on community engagement and participation in decision-making processes.

Technological:

- **Digital transformation:** We are required to keep pace with and embrace digital technologies to improve service delivery, communication, and data management.
- **Cybersecurity:** Protecting critical infrastructure and data from cyber threats is a growing concern that needs to be effectively managed.



Megatrends

Megatrends are large scale and long-term transformative processes that reshape or transition our society. At Dubbo Regional Council, megatrends support our Workforce Management Strategy through anticipating challenges and opportunities, supporting informed decision making.

The following six megatrends were considered as part of developing the underlying initiatives for our Workforce Management Strategy:



Impactful technology



Accelerating individualisation



Demographic change



Rapid urbanisation



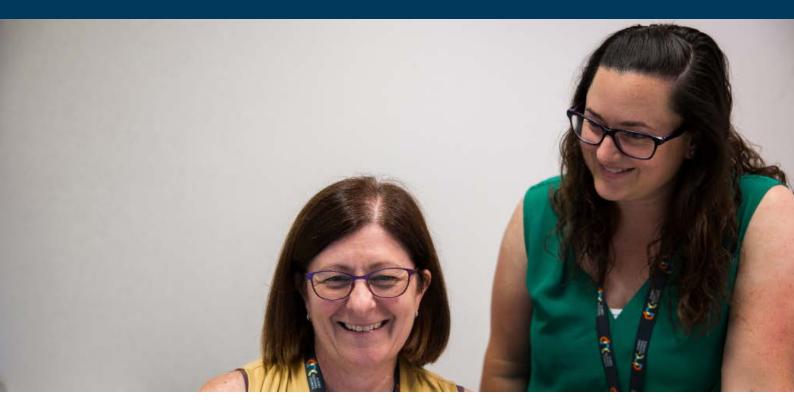
Climate and resource security



Economic power shift

https://sbi.sydney.edu.au/megatrends/our-megatrends/

Source: Sydney Business Insights - Megatrends for the future of business



MEGATREND	DRC IMPACT	IMPACT DEFINITION
Impactful Technology	Cyber Security	Increased vulnerability as critical infrastructure and data is managed and stored in public and private clouds with connected devices accessible remotely.
	AI & Machine learning	Increased uptake and development of Artificial Intelligence tools and machines suggestions augmenting human processes.
	Autonomous agents & sensors	Increased use of devices (remote sensors, drones, robotics etc.) undertaking activities with less and less human involvement.
	Mobile internet & cloud technology	Increased efficiency in delivering services and supporting customer interactions.
Accelerating Individualisation	Empowered customers & community	Increased expectations from customers and community including more control, choice, flexibility and digital options.
	Work innovations	Increased workplace innovations and technology changing the way people work including video conferencing, remote working and activity based working environments.
	Individual preferences	Increased flexibility and initiatives to support individual preferences for the diversity of employees, customers and community.
	Public wellbeing & cohesion	Increased social media and digital platforms that can support community connections but also distort public conversations resulting in positive and negative impacts for public wellbeing & cohesion.
Demographic Change	Generations	Increased generational diversity with up to four generations working together in the workplace.
	Population shifts	Increased global population coupled with a decreasing number of employees in the workforce relative to those over the age of 65.
	Ageing workforce	Increased proportion of employees over the age of 55 in the workforce which has doubled from 30 years ago.
Rapid Urbanisation	Urbanisation	Increased urban populations through shifting of regional and rural populations.
	Development & planning	Increased requirement to better plan for urbanisation to reduce carbon emissions, resource utilisation and improved standards of living.

MEGATREND	DRC IMPACT	IMPACT DEFINITION	
Climate and Resource Scarcity	Climate change	Increased temperatures, extreme weather events and pollution of air, water and soil.	
	Cost of living	Increased cost of living outpacing wage growth creating economic hardship for employees and the community.	
	Resource scarcity	Decreased availability of water, energy sources, agriculture, materials and skilled labour.	
	Vulnerable population	Increased impacts for vulnerable community members through weather, temperature and living condition changes.	
Economic Power Shift	Geopolitical tensions	Increased geopolitical tensions impacting supply chains, tourism and security.	
	Shifting affluence	Increased inequality impacting community cohesion, demands for services and local businesses.	



Workforce Insights

As Dubbo Regional Council looks to the future, it is important that our Workforce Management Strategy addresses the key challenges and opportunities raised from the internal and external analysis. The following workforce insights have been identified as the focus areas to equip our people with the tools, skills, and supportive environment to thrive amidst rapidly evolving conditions.



Capability Building: The internal capability survey reveals gaps between the current and desired proficiency levels across various capabilities. The survey further highlighted the importance of leadership and strategic capabilities to align with the vision, values and purpose.

Workforce Adaptability: The megatrends analysis indicates the need for the workforce to be adaptable to trends like impactful technology, accelerating individualization, and climate and resource scarcity. Strategies to enhance workforce resilience and adaptability will assist in preparing for these trend impacts.

Digital Transformation: The impact of megatrends like Impactful Technology, Mobile Internet & Cloud Technology, and AI & Machine Learning suggests the need for a digitally skilled workforce. Council will focus on upskilling and reskilling employees to leverage these technologies effectively.

Generational Diversity & Demographic Management:

At Council there is an ageing workforce, a high rate of employees with less than 5 years' experience, and up to four generations in the workforce. A strong focus on developing strategies to manage and leverage the diverse perspectives, skills, potential skill gaps and ensuring a sustainable talent pipeline is required.

Employee Engagement and Wellbeing: This review highlights the importance of engaged and productive employees for sustainable service delivery. To support this Council will prioritise initiatives that foster a positive work environment, employee engagement, and overall wellbeing.

"DRC looks to the future"

Initiatives

To support the workforce insights the following initiatives have been planned:

INITIATIVE	DESCRIPTION	TIMEFRAME	OUTCOME
Change Management Framework	Development of our change management framework to support change initiatives	2025 2026	Changes are managed effectively to reduce impacts and increase benefits
Digital Literacy Program	Development and delivery of our digital literacy program to maximise the potential of technology	2026 2027	Confident and skilled employees to thrive with increase technology uptake
Emerging Leaders Program	Delivery of our emerging leaders program for our high potential employees to improve our internal leadership capability	2026 2027	A pipeline of skilled and adaptable leaders available aligned to our culture and purpose
Employer Branding Project	Articulation and delivery of our employer brand to support attraction and retention	2024 2025	Increased ability for Council to attract and retain capable, skilled, and engaged employees
Inclusion, Diversity & Belonging Strategy	Development and delivery of our Inclusion, Diversity and Belonging initiatives to attract, retain and empower a diverse workforce	2024 2025 2026 2027	A thriving workplace where employees feel valued, respected, and empowered to contribute their skills and abilities
Leadership Development Program	Delivery of the next element of our leadership program to all employees at Council	2024 2025 2026	A Council culture that fosters empowerment, commitment and accountability
Resourcing & Entry Pipeline	Development and implementation of activities to support entry into Council	2024 2025	Increased pools of skilled and qualified candidates to recruit positions from
Reward & Recognition Program	Broadening of our employee reward and recognition program to support a wider range of motivations	2025	Increased employee engagement, performance, and wellbeing
Service Review Program	Continued delivery of our adopted Service Review Program to continuously refine and improve our services, supporting employee engagement and performance	2024 2025 2026 2027	Increase employee engagement, performance, and service delivery
Strategic Workforce Planning	Completion of our next Strategic Workforce Planning cycle to support sustainability	2027 2028	A resilient and sustainable workforce is available to meet the future needs of Council
Succession & Talent Planning	Design and implementation of our succession and talent planning framework and cycles to increase resilience	2026 2027 2028	A resilient and adaptable workforce is available to meet the future needs of Council
Wellbeing & Health Strategy	Development of the next wellbeing and health strategy to support thriving engaged employees.	2024 2025 2026	Increased employee health, engagement, and performance



Workforce Management

Dubbo Regional Council's Workforce Management Strategy serves as a comprehensive roadmap to build a future-ready, engaged, and adaptable workforce. By aligning our workforce capabilities with the community's evolving needs and priorities, we can ensure sustainable and efficient service delivery that meets the expectations outlined in our Delivery Program.

Through this strategy, we have identified key areas for capability development and recognise the need to equip our workforce with the necessary skills to navigate our challenges. Fostering a diverse and inclusive work environment that embraces generational differences and individual preferences will be crucial. We are committed to creating a positive and supportive culture that promotes employee engagement, wellbeing, and productivity, ultimately contributing to the overall well-being of our community.

By anticipating future challenges and investing in our workforce's development, we can future-proof our organization and ensure long-term sustainability. Our Workforce Management Strategy will serve as a guiding light, enabling us to attract, retain, and nurture a talented workforce who are passionate about serving our community.

Together, we will build a resilient, adaptive, and high-performing workforce that drives positive change and is dedicated to enhancing the quality of life for all residents of the Dubbo Regional Council area.



2025 - 2029 ASSET MANAGEMENT STRATEGY



Introduction

Dubbo Regional Council is responsible for managing a diverse range of infrastructure assets that provide essential services to the community. Located in central western New South Wales, the Council faces the challenge of balancing service expectations within existing financial constraints while striving to achieve a 'core' level of asset management maturity. To ensure that current and future generations benefit from well-maintained infrastructure and services, Dubbo Regional Council must adopt an Asset Management Plan that informs strategic investment decisions.

Purpose

The Asset Management Strategy serves as a high-level framework that ensures a strategic, coordinated, and sustainable approach to managing Council's infrastructure assets. It provides the overarching direction required to support Asset Management Plans, aligning asset decisions with Council's long-term vision, financial planning, and community priorities.

This strategy ensures that asset management is not conducted in isolation but rather embedded within Council's broader strategic planning, governance, and risk management processes.

Dubbo Regional Council prepare Asset Management Plans which cover all major asset classes. The Asset Management Plans serve to:

- Ensure responsible asset management, including service delivery from those assets.
- Comply with regulatory requirements as per the NSW Local Government Act and related standards.
- Communicate the scale of investment required to sustainably maintain and deliver essential services to the community.

The Combined Asset Management Plan summarises existing infrastructure assets, their condition, performance, and the necessary actions required to achieve the objectives set in the Towards 2040 Community Strategic Plan. Developed through extensive community consultation, the Towards 2040 Plan captures the aspirations of Dubbo Regional Council residents. Any trade-offs between performance, cost, and risk will be reviewed through continuous community engagement. Where risks are high, mitigation and control measures will be implemented to minimise potential impacts.

Strategic Approach

Dubbo Regional Council's approach to asset management focuses on delivering required service levels in the most cost-effective manner. The Asset Management Plans integrate:

- A lifecycle-based methodology, considering the costs associated with acquiring, operating, maintaining, renewing, and disposing of assets.
- Long-term financial sustainability, ensuring that asset management decisions align with the Council's 10-year Financial Plan.
- Use of emerging technologies and innovative management practices to optimise asset performance and extend asset life.
- Community engagement, ensuring that decisions align with stakeholder expectations and service affordability.

All financial figures presented in this document are in real terms (net of inflation) as of 30 June 2024.





Infrastructure Assets and Services

Dubbo Regional Council provides an extensive range of services supported by its infrastructure portfolio, including:

- **Transport:** 1,419 km of sealed roads, 1,373 km of unsealed roads, 72 bridges, 570 km of kerb and gutter, 130 km of paths, and 2,285 culverts.
- **Water:** 786 km of water mains, 4 treatment plants, 14 pump stations, and 17 reservoirs.
- **Sewerage:** 567 km of pipes, 3 treatment plants, and 30 pump stations.
- **Urban Drainage:** 278 km of pipes, 10 km of channels, 9,829 pits, 71 Gross Pollutant Traps (GPTs), and 103 hasins
- **Recreation & Open Space:** 1,011 hectares of public open space, 35 playgrounds, and 3 swimming pools.
- **Buildings:** Over 350 buildings, including community halls, recreation centres, showgrounds, libraries, and administrative offices.

The total Gross Replacement Cost (GRC) of Council's depreciable assets is \$3.927 billion, with an annual depreciation of \$59 million, resulting in a written-down value of \$2.728 billion as of 30 June 2024.

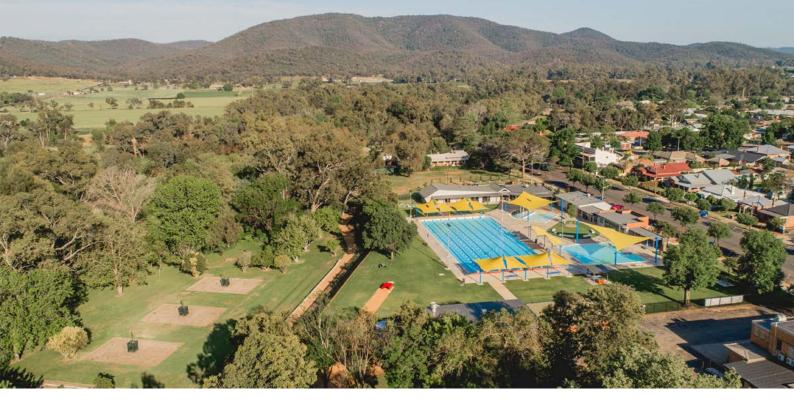
State of Infrastructure and Key Challenges

Currently, approximately 15% (\$455 million) of Council's assets are below the desired performance level. The most critical assets requiring investment include:

- Sealed and unsealed roads
- Community halls
- Water and sewer networks

Key short- to medium-term service challenges include:

- Funding gaps in operations and maintenance due to asset acquisitions and underfunded renewals.
- Transport infrastructure deterioration, with grant funding required for major renewals.
- Unfunded building renewals, particularly in recreation and open space facilities.
- Increasing demand for services, driven by population growth and urban expansion



Future Demand and Management Strategies

Demand for infrastructure services is influenced by:

- Population growth and increased urban density.
- Climate variability and water availability challenges.
- Changes in vehicle technology and traffic patterns.
- Sustainability and energy efficiency goals.

Dubbo Regional Council will manage these demands by:

- Enhancing water efficiency (e.g., reuse of treated effluent, additional aquifer extraction points).
- Implementing cost-recovery models (e.g., developer contributions, user fees, and charges).
- Optimising traffic management strategies for growing rural activities.

Financial Sustainability and Lifecycle Costs

The forecast lifecycle cost for the next 10 years is \$1.170 billion (\$117.0 million on average per year). However, the available long-term financial plan (LTFP) funding is \$1.008 billion (\$100.8 million on average per year), covering only 86% of projected needs. The shortfall of \$16.2 million on average per year will result in deferred works, including:

- Transport initial renewal backlog.
- Stormwater network renewals to be confirmed by condition assessment.
- Building renewals of community service and recreation and open space amenities.
- Sewer and water reticulation renewals.
- Other recreation and open space renewals of shortlived assets.



Risk Management and Mitigation Strategies

Key infrastructure risks include:

- Ageing transport infrastructure with insufficient renewal funding.
- Rapid growth in short-life recreation and open space assets.
- Inadequate drainage systems impacting urban development.
- Water and sewer infrastructure constraints limiting population growth.
- Operations and maintenance funding gaps leading to service deterioration.
- Loss of key staff and skills shortages.

Council will manage these risks by:

- Pursuing external funding to supplement renewal programs.
- Optimising asset maintenance practices to extend asset life.
- Applying a risk and criticality framework to prioritise renewals.
- Aligning funding growth to asset portfolio expansion.
- Implementing workforce planning strategies to mitigate skill shortages.

Next Steps

To ensure the long-term sustainability of Council's assets, the following actions will be prioritised:

- Implement an asset management improvement plan, aligning with ISO 55000 standards.
- Investigate strategies to extend asset life while maintaining service levels.
- Enhance lifecycle costing models to support strategic budget planning.
- Refine renewal prioritisation processes to optimise investment.
- Ensure asset management planning integrates with financial planning cycles.

Dubbo Regional Council remains committed to ensuring sustainable, efficient, and community-driven asset management, adapting to emerging challenges while maintaining critical services for current and future generations.

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